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Fentanyl-Positive Deaths, North Carolina Office of the Chief Medical Examiner (OCME) Toxicology Data: Oct 2023*

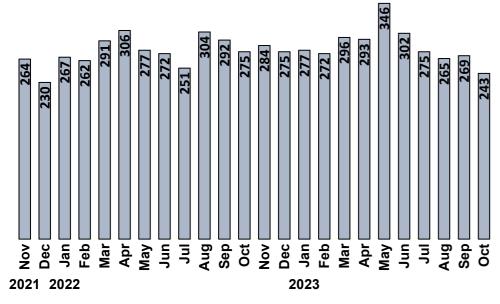
Fentanyl-Positive Deaths^,
October 2023*

Compared to

275 in October 2022

^Deaths included in this report tested positive for fentanyl at the time of the death when toxicology testing was performed. Toxicology results are based on analytical testing of specimens performed by NC OCME Toxicology. The detection of fentanyl only indicates deaths with positive fentanyl toxicology results. The presence of fentanyl at time of death does not necessarily indicate fentanyl as the cause of death.

Last 24 Months of Fentanyl-Positive Deaths*



*Data are provisional and subject to change.

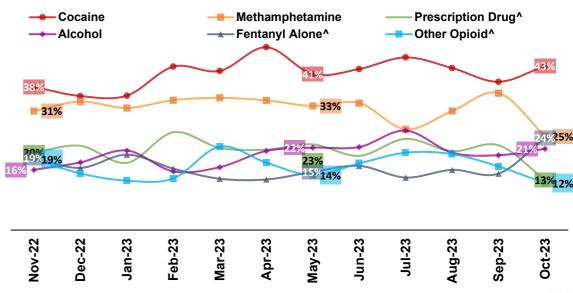
Data Source: NC OCME Toxicology data; NC OCME Toxicology is nationally accredited by the American Board of Forensic Toxicology, Inc. NC OCME Toxicology provides forensic analytical testing of specimens for all 100 counties of the statewide medical examiner system. Toxicology results are based on blood, vitreous fluid, or other specimens used for testing at the discretion of the pathologist and/or toxicologist.

Fentanyl-Positive Deaths: 2016-2023*



Percent change: Year-to-date (YTD) fentanyl-positive deaths compared to YTD total of previous year.

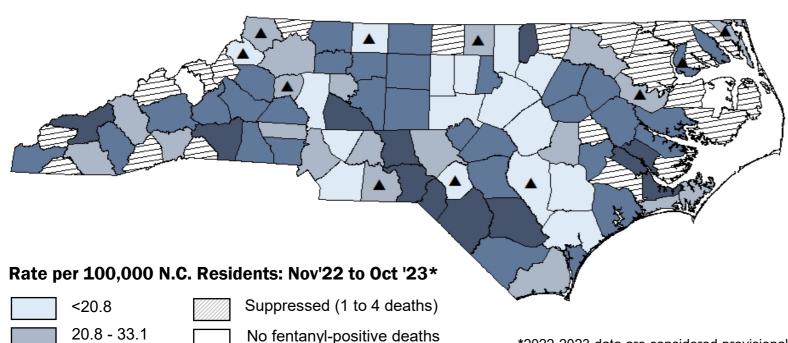
Last 12 Months Polysubstance Use in Fentanyl-Positive Deaths*^



^Categories are not mutually exclusive. Prescription drugs are defined as benzodiazepines and gabapentin/pregabalin. Other opioids include heroin, prescription opioids, and illicit opioids (excluding fentanyl). Fentanyl alone indicates that alcohol, cocaine, prescription drugs (benzodiazepines and gabapentin/pregabalin), methamphetamine, and other opioids were not present.



Rate of Fentanyl-Positive Deaths in North Carolina by County: Nov '22 to Oct '23*



Highest Rates of Fentanyl-Positive Deaths
Among Counties with >9 deaths:
Nov'22 to Oct '23*

County	Deaths	Rate
Richmond	38	88.8
Swain	10	71.6
Rowan	102	68.2
Robeson	79	67.7
Craven	66	65.4
Montgomery	16	61.8
Rutherford	36	55.4
Vance	23	54.6
Bladen	16	54.3
Scotland	18	52.7
Statewide	3,397	31.8

*2022-2023 data are considered provisional and should not be considered final. Deaths included in this report tested positive for fentanyl at the time of the death when toxicology testing was performed. Toxicology results are based on analytical testing of specimens performed by NC OCME Toxicology. The detection of fentanyl only indicates deaths with positive fentanyl toxicology results. The presence of fentanyl at time of death does not necessarily indicate fentanyl as the cause of death. Rates calcuated with 2022 county population estimates.

Indian/Alaskan Native)

Demographics of Fentanyl-Positive Deaths Compared to Overall NC Population Estimates: Nov'22 to Oct '23*

Deaths by Sex Deaths by Age Group ■ NC Population Estimates ■ NC Population Estimates ■ NC Fentanyl-Positive Deaths^, Nov'22 to Oct '23* ■ NC Fentanyl-Positive Deaths[^], Nov'22 to Oct '23* 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 0% 20% 40% 60% 15-24 25-34 Female 35-44 45-54 Male

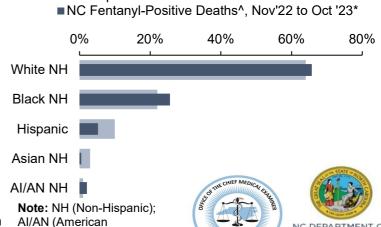
Interpret with caution, low numbers

(5 to 9 deaths)

^Data Sources: Toxicology Data—NC OCME Toxicology; Demographic Data—OCME medical examiner system; Population Data—U.S. Census Bureau, http://quickfacts.census.gov; 2022-2023 data are considered provisional and should not be considered final.

Deaths by Race/Ethnicity





HUMAN SERVICES

33.2 - 51.2

≥ 51.3

80%