Richmond County

**OPIOID OVERDOSE EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISITS**

**25 Opioid Overdose ED Visits Last 12 Months:**
Richmond County, 2021-2022*

**Opioid Overdose ED Visits by Age Group**
- Richmond population estimate
- Richmond opioid overdose ED visits last 12 months

**Opioid Overdose ED Visits by Race Ethnicity**
- Richmond population estimate
- Richmond opioid overdose ED visits last 12 months

*There are known data quality gaps for May-June 2021 that may be impacting the shown trends. Interpret the data for these months with caution.

YTD: Year to date; *Provisional Data: 2020-2021 ED Visits
^Fentanyl/fentanyl analogs drug class is a new ICD10CM diagnosis code as of October 2020, prior to this month, this category was predominately captured in the non-specific “Other Synthetic Narcotic” drug class.
Note: 2020-2021 ED visit data is provisional; For case definitions, go to https://www.injuryfreenc.ncdhhs.gov/DataSurveillance/poisoning/SummaryTableforPoisoningDefinitions.pdf

**Note:** NC DETECT is North Carolina’s statewide syndromic surveillance system. There may be data quality issues affecting our counts; counties with <10 cases may not be true lack of opioid overdose cases but data quality issues; additionally, some hospitals use non-specific poisoning codes rather than specific opioid poisoning codes. For training on NCDETECT, contact Amy Ising, ising@ad.unc.edu.

Counts based on ICD-10-CM diagnosis code of an opioid overdose: T40.0 (Opium), T40.1 (Heroin), T40.2 (Other Opioids), T40.3 (Methadone), and T40.4 (Other Synthetic Narcotics), and T40.6 (Other and Unspecified Narcotics).