Catawba County, June 2023

142 EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES (EMS) ENCOUNTERS FOR SUSPECTED OPIOID OVERDOSE*

**EMS Suspected Opioid Overdose Patient Disposition**
Last 12 Months, Catawba County, 2022-2023*

- Treated and Transported/Transferred†
- Patient Declined Care/Transport AMA‡
- Treated/Evaluated, No Transport
- Deceased upon EMS Arrival at Scene

![Graph showing EMS suspected opioid overdose patient disposition](image)

†Transport refers to transport to hospital. Transfer occurs between EMS agencies. ‡Against Medical Advice

**Note:** Counts based on North Carolina Disease Event Tracking and Epidemiologic Collection Tool (NC DETECT) opioid overdose indicator case definition: patients >11 years old, AND encounters with opioid-related primary or secondary impression AND documented administration of naloxone OR naloxone AND unresponsive keyterms in the narrative.

**Year to date (Jun 2023), 142 of the 142 suspected opioid overdose encounters in Catawba County received naloxone, and 140 (99%) had an improved response to naloxone.**

*EMS data are provisional and should not be considered final. All "EMS Opioid OD" counts reflect suspected opioid overdose encounters, based on the 'Opioid Overdose' EMS Indicator developed by NC DETECT. Population Data - U.S. Census Bureau, [http://quickfacts.census.gov](http://quickfacts.census.gov). For training on NCDETECT, contact Amy Ising, ising@ad.unc.edu.

**EMS Suspected Opioid Overdose Encounters in Catawba County June 2023* YTD**

Compared to 123 Jan-Jun 2022*

**EMS Suspected Opioid Overdose Encounters by Race/Ethnicity and Age Group**

![Bar chart showing EMS suspected opioid overdose encounters by race/ethnicity and age group](image)

- Catawba County Population Estimates
- Catawba County EMS Suspected Opioid Overdose last 12 months*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>0%</th>
<th>20%</th>
<th>40%</th>
<th>60%</th>
<th>80%</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>&lt;25</td>
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- Male
- Female
- White NH
- Black NH
- AI/AN NH
- Asian NH
- Hispanic

**Note:** NH (Non-hispanic);

*Overdose percentages that exceed population estimates within a subgroup indicate a population that may be disproportionately impacted.