Med/Drug^ Overdose ED Visits by Med/Drug Class
Last 12 Months: Scotland County

- Other/Unknown substance
- Commonly Prescribed Opioids
- Fentanyl/ Analogs^ 
- Benzodiazepines
- Unspecified Narcotics (opiate or narcotic related)
- Heroin
- Stimulant

31 Overdose ED Visits for Med/Drugs^ with Dependency Potential in Scotland County, 2022 * YTD

compared to 25 in Jan to Mar 2021*

Data Source: NC DETECT: ED; Syndrome: Overdose: Unintentional/Undetermined Medication or Drug Overdose (>14/<66) (ICD-9/10-CM)

Med/Drug^ Overdose ED Visits by Race/Ethnicity and Age Group

- White
- Black
- Hispanic
- Asian
- AI/AN

0%  20%  40%  60%  80%

0  2  4  6  8  10  12  14

°There are known data quality gaps for May-June 2021 that are impacting the shown trends. Interpret the data for these months with caution.

^Report is based on initial encounter, unintentional and undetermined intent cases only, for ICD10CM overdose codes of drugs and medicaments with dependency potential within T40, T42, T43, T50.7, and T50.9.

Note: Report is restricted to N.C. residents between the ages 15 to 65 years. Drug classes shown are not mutually exclusive, a person may have more than one drug overdose diagnosis code, therefore, a person may be represented in multiple lines in the graph above. *2020-2021 data is provisional; YTD (Year to date).

Note: NC DETECT is North Carolina’s statewide syndromic surveillance system. There may be data quality issues affecting our counts. For training on NC DETECT, contact Amy Ising, Ising@ad.unc.edu.