NC Violent Death Reporting System

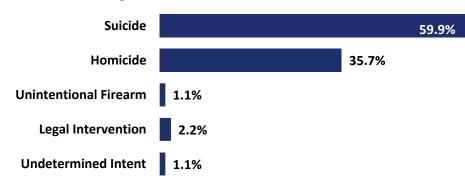
VIOLENT DEATH IN NORTH CAROLINA: CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 10, 2022

• An estimated 774,062 North Carolina residents reside in Congressional District 10.

- In 2022, there were 182 violent deaths from injuries sustained by individuals living in Congressional District 10.
- The majority of decedents were residents of Forsyth (41.2%), Iredell (23.1%), and Catawba (21.4%) counties.



Manner of Death: Congressional District 10, NC*

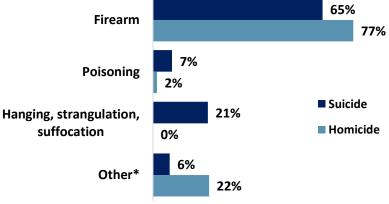


• There were 109 suicides (59.9%), 65 homicides (35.7%), two unintentional firearm deaths (1.1%), four deaths from legal intervention (2.2%) and two deaths of undetermined intent (1.1%).

- Firearms were involved in 65.1% of suicides and 76.9% of homicides.
- Among homicides caused by firearms, 80% were caused by handguns, 2% were caused by shotguns, and 12% were caused by rifles.
- Among suicides caused by firearms, 83.1% were caused by handguns, 12.7% were caused by shotguns, and 4.2% were caused by rifles.
- The second leading method of death for suicide was hanging, strangulation, or suffocation (21.1%).

Firearms were involved in 69.5% of all homicide and suicide deaths

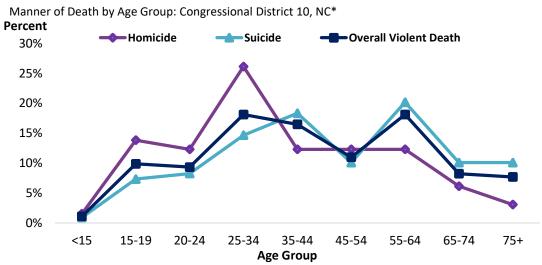
Method of Death: Congressional District 10, NC*



*Other includes falls, motor vehicle, sharp instrument, fire/burns, unknown and other

The North Carolina Violent Death Reporting System (NC-VDRS) is a CDC-funded statewide surveillance system that collects detailed information on violent deaths that occur in North Carolina, including homicide, suicide, unintentional firearm deaths, legal intervention and deaths of undetermined intent. NC-VDRS triangulates information from death certificates, medical examiner reports, and law enforcement reports to understand and aid in the prevention of violent deaths. Data reported in this document are based on residential address of the victim and, instead of a rate, the ratio is reported. This document summarizes fatal injuries from violence that occurred in Congressional District 10 for the year 2022. Since not all deaths resulting from violence are able to be geocoded, the violent death numbers represented in this fact sheet may be slightly underestimated.

^{*}Based on the residential address of the victim

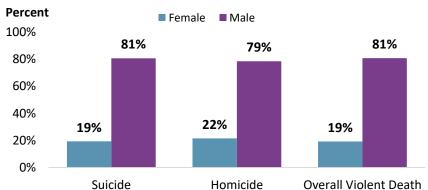


- Suicides and homicides displayed different age patterns.
- Percentage of total homicides peaked among those 25-34 with 26.2% of total homicides, where percent of total suicides peaked among those 55-64 with 20.2% of total suicides.
- Percentage of overall violent deaths peaked among those 25-34 and 55-64 at 18.1% of total violent deaths.

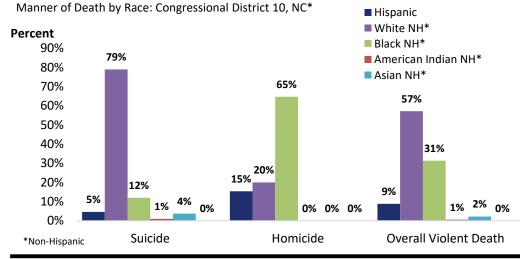
- *Age group percents are taken of total homicide, total suicide and total overall violent deaths
- The majority of suicide and homicide victims were male. There were 88 male suicide victims and 51 male homicide victims, which accounted for 80.7% and 78.5% of victims respectively.
- There were 21 female suicide victims and 14 female homicide victims, which accounted for 19.3% and 21.5% of victims respectively.

Males consistently have higher proportions of violent deaths than females

Manner of Death by Sex: Congressional District 10, NC*



Uneven distributions are seen among race and manner of death



- Patterns of suicide and homicide differed by race. 78.9% of suicide victims were Non-Hispanic (NH) White while only 11.9% were NH Black.
- In contrast, 64.6% of homicide victims were NH Black, and 20.0% were NH White.
- Overall, there were 16 (8.8%) Hispanic, 104 (57.1%) NH White, 57 (31.3%) NH Black, 1 (0.6%) NH American Indian, and 4 (2.2%) NH Asian victims.

The North Carolina Violent Death Reporting System is supported by Cooperative Agreement 5NU17/CE002613-05-00 from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).





Injury Epidemiology & Surveillance Unit/ 919-707-5425 dph.ncdhhs.gov/programs/chronic-disease-and-injury/injury-and-violence-prevention-branch NC Violent Death Reporting System / 919-707-5432 NCDHHS is an equal opportunity employer and provider. 2022 FINAL DATA 7/11/2024

Please see the NC-VDRS 2021 Annual Report for additional data and technical information.